LOCAL AND REGIONAL COMPETITIVENESS PROJECT

Environmental & Social Management Plan Checklist

Development of enogastronomic tourism – Taste Macedonia

Skopje, 2019

1. Introduction to the project

Local and Regional Competitiveness Project (LRCP) is a four-year investment operation, supported by the European Union using funds from IPA II earmarked to competitiveness and innovation in Macedonia. LRCP will be managed as a Hybrid Trust Fund and consists of four components, executed by the World Bank and the Government of Macedonia. The Project will provide investment funding and capacity building to support sector growth, investment in destinations and specific destination prosperity. At the regional and local levels, the Project will support selected tourism destinations in the country through a combination of technical assistance to improve destination management, infrastructure investment and investments in linkages and innovation. The investments will be undertaken through a grant scheme for the regional tourism stakeholders such as municipalities, institutions, NGOs and private sector.

This Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) Checklist has been prepared for activities carried by **Tikves Wine Tourism DOOEL**. The ESMP Checklist presents the project description, technical details, scope, setting and location based on which it assesses environmental and social risks.

Implementation of mitigation measures addressing the identified risks and issues as well as monitoring plan defined in the ESMP Checklist is mandatory as is compliance with the national environmental and other regulation, and WB operational policies.

2. Short description of the project

The sub-project envisages four main activities:

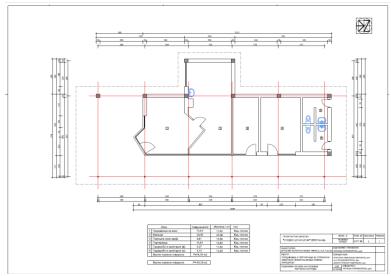
- 1. Reconstruction of existing wine shop in Kavadarci with annex;
- 2. Reconstruction with improvement of the existing accommodation and wine tasting facility in v. Lepovo;
- 3. Installation and adapting of old wine barrels for accommodation in v. Barovo, and
- 4. Side biking tours for customer experience and communication/marketing activities for the project.

Specifically these activities include:

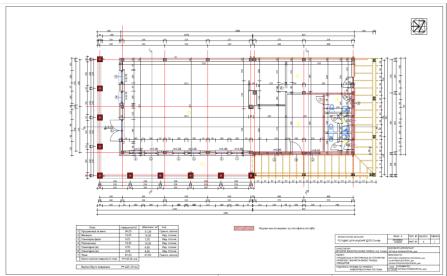
- 1. Reconstruction of existing wine shop in Kavadarci and its broadening (construction addition to existing): roof (new covering tiles, thermal and hydro isolation), civil construction works for the showcase area, storage room, service space, wardrobe space and sanitary (total of three toilets), lodge, including furnishing of the walls, floors, replacement of windows and doors, showcase area with tasting room and sales point for souvenirs. The current existing premises are 89.19 m2 and the broadening will be on a total area of 220 m2.
- Civil works, including construction and crafts work on Kavadarci site will include: preparatory and terrain works, concrete and reinforcing works, other masonry works, rooftop works, waterproofing and thermal isolation works, masonry, plastering and covering works, walls paintwork ad facade, underground works and parapets,

whitesmith and carpentry works, electrical works, water supply works and sewerage, machinery works and other.

Existing premises wine shop Kavadarci



Reconstruction of existing wine shop in Kavadarci with addition



- Supply of wine tasting and related equipment, including types of indoor and outdoor furniture and equipment for the wine shop in Kavadarci. The quantity is displayed in the brackets next to each item:
 - o Barrel application setting (1);
 - Wine corks application setting (2);
 - Wine bar counter (1);
 - Sales point counter (1);
 - o Drawers (2);
 - O Wine showcase (3);
 - Wine handlers (7);

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Souvenirs showcase (1);
Lower wine showcase (2);
Lower wine showcase with a fridge (1);
Stub pots (1);
Bar tables (5);
Bar chairs (30);
Hangers (3);
Wardrobe/cupboard (1);
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- Work desk (1);
- o Work chairs (2);
- Umbrella holders (2);
- o Washing machine for glasses (1);
- \circ Ice maker (1);
- o Enomat (1 in Kavadarci for 12 types of wine);
- o Coffee machine for 40 guests (1);
- o Wine fridge (1);
- LCD smart TV screen for presenting the enogastro offer as well as other tourist offers in Macedonia (1);
- o Mats at the entrance (2).
- 2. Supply of accommodation equipment for the existing object in Lepovo. The ground floor administrative & business area includes a hallway, a refreshment room, a laboratory and a toilet. The first floor features a hallway and two rooms with separate bathrooms. The wine production area has four rooms with equipment for wine production and is not featured in the project. The refreshment room on the ground floor will be turned into a tasting room with necessary equipment and supply goods, such as a degustation table, a fridge and an enomat. The administrative & business room and one part of the laboratory will be turned into a kitchen, and the second part of the laboratory with the existing toilet space, will be turned into two toilets (male & female). Furniture equipment, such as beds, sheets, TV, bathroom accessories, chairs, etc. will be provided on the first floor for the two rooms with bathrooms.
- Civil works, including construction and crafts work on Lepovo site, will include: preparatory works, masonry, cement and waterproofing, ceramics, walls furnishing, carpentry, locksmith and whitesmith works, water supply works and sewerage and electrical works.
- Supply of accommodation, kitchen and other related equipment for the taste room in Lepovo and accommodation facilities. The quantity is displayed in the brackets next to each item:
 - \circ Enomat (1);
 - o Degustation table (1);
 - o Chairs (10);
 - o Professional refrigerator (1);
 - Kitchen-elements, cooking stove and additional equipment (1);

- TV screens for presenting the enogastro offer as well as other tourist offers in Macedonia (4);
- Wardrobe/cupboard (2);
- o King-size bed (2);
- o King-size mattresses (2);
- o Shower cabins (2);
- o Night stands (4);
- Double linens (4);
- o Pillows (8);
- o Towels (40);
- Night stand lamps (4);
- o Sofa (2);
- o Arm-chairs (2);
- o Club table (1);
- o Toilet cabins with flushers (3);
- o Urinal with divider (1);
- o Wash stands (2);
- o Mirrors (2);
- o Doors (2).
- 3. Installation and adapting of old wine barrels for accommodation and rest and relaxation in Barovo will include the setting-up of 14 existing barrels within the vineyards of Barovo DOOEL in order to be used for accommodation adaptation of space and dividing the barrels for accommodation in 2 groups of 6 wine barrels each, one barrel will be used as a changing room and one barrel for kitchenette. The barrels will be procured, then provided with protection from weather conditions, transported to the location, installed on wooden platforms and equipped inside for accommodation. The wine barrels camp will also contain 2 shower cabins made from wood and with wooden partitions. The barrels will have doors and windows, a small set of stairs at each entrance and floor. In front of the barrels there will be chairs made from wine barrel wood. There will also be lighting above the wine barrels' front doors.
- Civil works, including construction and crafts work on Barovo site will include the barrel transport and the following: terrain works, constructing the barrel's support base, carpentry, water supply, sewerage, sanitation and electrical works.
- Supply of kitchen and related equipment for Barovo site wine barrel kitchenette facility will include the following. The quantity is displayed in the brackets next to each item:
 - o Fridge (1);
 - o Cooking stove (1);
 - o Bar counter made from wood (2);
 - o Dishwasher (1);
 - Wine barrel wooden roller blind for the kitchenette (1);
 - o Wooden doors (14);
 - o Wooden stair cases (14)

- Wine barrel wooden chairs (14);
- Wine barrel wooden tables (2);
- o Wooden partition for the showers (2).
- Supply of accommodation equipment for the adapted wine barrels for accommodation in Barovo. The quantity is displayed in the brackets next to each item:
 - o Mattresses (12);
 - o Linens (24);
 - o Pillows with pillowcase (24);
 - \circ Towels (40);
 - Hanger in the wine barrel that will be used as a changing room (1);
 - o Showers (2).
- Electrical and mechanical installations on all three locations respectively will be executed within the boundaries of the sub-project locations.
- Water supply and sewage works for all three locations respectively will be executed within the boundaries of the sub-project locations. New water works that might be subject to new necessary permits will not be executed.
- The existing premises of the wine shop in Kavadarci, include a half inch pipeline, in zinc, and an estimated length of up to 20 meters (1 tap for water in the wine shop part) and a f 100 sewage pipeline estimated at up to 10 meters (1 toilet at the wardens port), which is connected to the main sewage pipe. The reconstruction of the existing wine shop in Kavadarci with addition, will include a water pipeline of around 42,41 meters, a sewage pipeline of around 56 meters and a stormwater sewage of around 98.8 meters. These estimations include a 10% contingency due to the remaining and fitting elements.
- The existing premises at the Lepovo site, include a half inch pipe of up to 5 meters (1 toilet) and a f 100 sewage pipe estimated at up to 5 meters. The reconstruction with improvement of the existing accommodation and tasting facility in Lepovo, will include an estimated length of up to 36 metres PVC 24 m water pipeline, and sewage pipeline of 12 meters f 50.
- The existing premises at the Barovo site, include 3/4 pipeline of up to 20 meters, a half inch pipeline of up to 5 meters and a sewage pipeline of up to 25 meters f 100 (1 toilet). The installation and adapting of old wine barrels for accommodation in Barovo will include propylene pipeline with fitting elements of up to 116 meters. The water and sewage will have the needed elements to take water from the existing water supply well to the 2 showers made from wine barrel elements and 1 wine barrel kitchenette. The waste water from the showers and the kitchenette will be taken to the existing toilet sewage.
- Tracing three bike trails on Barovo site (within the vineyards of Barovo DOOEL Skopje), installation of the info tables for the routes. They will be marked and traced after acquiring new knowledge and consultancy to develop the sub-project activity;
- Development and implementation of digital marketing solutions for developed products and services.



Figure 1. Kavadarci wine shop – Current look











Figure 2. Kavadarci wine $shop - NEW \ LOOK$ of the wine shop and tasting room



Figure 3. Lepovo – Current look. Adaptation works are applicable for the roof and the interior of the building.



Figure 4. The tasting room in Barovo – Current look. Changes will be made to reconstruct Barovo site with wine barrel camp, a wine barrel kitchen, water supply station, etc.



Figure 5. The accommodation – proposed adaptation of the wine barrels.

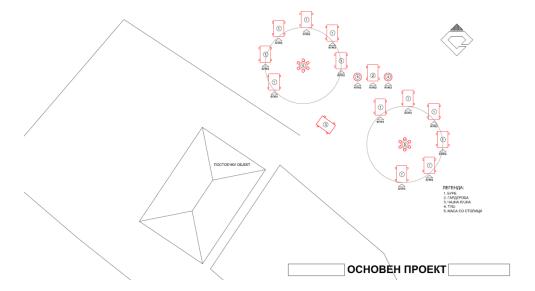


Figure 6. The accommodation – proposal of placement of wine barrels.

3. Environmental Category

3.1 World Bank Safeguard Policies/Categorisation

LRCP is supported by a European Union grant and implemented jointly by the Cabinet of the Deputy Prime Minister for Economic Affairs, as the implementing agency of funds, and the World Bank. LRCP has been classified as Category B project, meaning some level of adverse impact can be expected as a result of its implementation, but none of them significant, large-scale or long-term. As a result of this classification OP 4.01 Environmental Assessment is triggered. Subsequently, the CDPMEA prepared Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) to guide environmental due diligence of sub-projects supported through the Component 3 grant scheme, define eligibility and procedures for screening and environmental assessment. All project (and sub-project) activities must be implemented adhering with the ESMF, WB operational policies and procedures and national regulation (the strictest one prevails).

A proposed sub-project is classified as Category B- due to the fact that its future environmental impacts are less adverse than those of Category A and B+ sub-projects considering their nature, size and location, as well as the characteristics of the potential environmental impacts.

The category would require an EA to assess any potential environmental impacts associated with the proposed sub-project, identify potential environmental improvement opportunities and recommend any measures needed to prevent, minimize and mitigate adverse impacts. The scope and format of the EA will vary depending on the sub-project, but will typically be narrower than the scope of EIA, usually in form of ESMP. The scope of ESMP is defined in Annex D of the ESMF. For the sub-projects involving simple upgrades, rehabilitation or adaptation of the buildings, ESMP checklist would be used (template given in Annex F of the ESMF).

B- Category would include sub-projects that also: (a) involve working capital loans which include purchase and/or use of hazardous materials (e.g. petrol) or (b) process improvements that involve purchase of equipment/machinery presenting a significant potential health or safety risk. According to Macedonian laws, types of sub-projects that fall under category B-do not require EIA.

3.2 Environmental assessment according to national legislation

The subproject does not belong to any category of Annex I and Annex II of the Decree on the designation of projects and creations on the basis of which the need for conducting the environmental impact assessment procedure ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia" no. / 2005, No. 109/2009). In accordance with the Guidelines for conducting the procedure for determining the need, determining the scope and review of the environmental impact assessment in the Republic of Macedonia for a project that is neither in Annex I and

Annex II, the decision regarding the procedure for determining the need for The EIA is that the EIA is unnecessary.

However, according to the directions of the LRCP PIU, within environmental screening report, the subproject applicant has submitted a Notice of intent to implement a project to the Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning - Environment Office. Tikves Wine Tourism DOOEL and Partners in this project have submitted letter with Notice of Intent to Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning (MoEPP) and **received answer on 9.11.2018** with Opinion that EIA process and preparation of Elaborate for environmental protection for realization of this sub-project in not required. Received Answers/Opinion from MoEPP is attached in annex of this ESMP Checklist.

4) Overview of Impact

As a result of the envisaged sub-project activities for

- 1. Reconstruction of existing wine shop in Kavadarci with addition;
- 2. Reconstruction with improvement of the existing accommodation and tasting facility in Lepovo;
- 3. Installation and adapting of old wine barrels for accommodation in Barovo, and
- 4. Side biking tours for customer experience and communication/marketing activities for the project;

the following potential impact factors were identified:

- 1. Possible negative safety and health risks and impacts on the population, drivers and workers (local impacts limited to the locations of reconstruction of existing wine shop in Kavadarci with addition; reconstruction with improvement of the existing accommodation and tasting facility in Lepovo; installation and adapting of old wine barrels for accommodation in Barovo, and Side biking tours for customer experience and communication/marketing activities for the project; short term, present only in implementation phase) due to:
- Lack of occupational health and safety (OHS) measures during the renovation/adaptation works;
- Injury occurred on or near the site of works (e.g. due to lack of protection clothes or equipment, or other safety shortcomings);
- Non-compliance with safety standards and work procedures;
- Inadequate traffic management and pedestrian safety.
- 2. Possible impact on air quality and air emissions from vehicles transporting materials and equipment on sub-project location and transporting waste outside of the site (local impact, limited to the location of renovation/adaptation, occurring only in implementation phase) due to:
- Emissions of dust from transport of materials, materials management and civil works;
- Exhaust fumes from vehicles and traffic, as well as causing changes in the existing traffic circulation nearby.

- 3. Possible vibrations emissions and noise disturbances as a result of transport vehicles moving through the city to the renovation location as well as works themselves (local impacts limited to the location of renovation only in implementation phase).
- 4. Inadequate waste management and untimely collection and transport of waste. Possible side effects/impacts on the environment and adverse health effects may arise as a result of generation and management of different types of waste (primarily construction waste such as waste plywood, carpet, cloth, sponge, leftovers of gypsum boards as well as wood, metals, glass plastic, furniture, mattresses, hazardous waste, e.g. lighting fixtures, paint and glues residues and packaging. Packaging waste (cardboard and nylon) will also be created. These impacts are local. If proper waste management is not envisaged in operation phase, there is a possibility negative impact to be long term with repetitive occurrence but limited to inadequate waste management and untimely collection and transport the communal waste.
- 5. Impacts to soil and water from accidental leaks, spills and improper construction and hazardous waste management. However, the envisaged activities are expected to produce only temporary, local, short term and limited to the period of renovation/reconstruction/smaller construction adverse environmental impacts. Expected amounts of hazardous solids and liquids used or generated as waste in the course of subproject implementation are small.

No impact is expected to physical cultural resources or natural habitats as sub-project is not located in/in the vicinity of nature and/or culture protected areas or objects.

The preliminary screening showed that asbestos waste and waste radioactive lightning rods are unlikely to be generated in this sub-project, however, the mitigation measures are provided for these cases.

5) Purpose of EMP checklist, disclosure requirements

The World Bank requires an Environmental Assessment (EA) for projects proposed for funding by the World Bank in order to ensure that they are sustained and sustainable from the environmental point of view and thus improve decision-making. EA is a process whose breadth, depth and type of analysis depend on the nature, scope and potential environmental impacts of the proposed project. The EA assesses the possible environmental risks of the project, as well as their impacts in the area covered by the project.

According to the conducted screening of the Application for Expression of Interest this subproject was categorized as B-. The subprojects are classified in category B- Potential impacts on the environment are less harmful than sub-projects in categories A and B + given their nature, size and location, as well as the characteristics of potential environmental impacts.

The scope of the environmental assessment for the sub-projects may be different for different sub-projects, but it is usually less than the scope of the Environmental Impact Assessment,

most often in the form of an Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP). For subprojects that envisage simple upgrades, renovations or adaptations of objects, the ESMP Checklist is used. The form of the ESMP Checklist is defined by the Environmental and Social Framework for the Local and Regional Competitiveness Project.

ESMP Checklist is applied for minor rehabilitation or small-scale building construction. It provides "pragmatic good practice" and it is designed to be user friendly and compatible with WB safeguard requirements. The checklist-type format attempts to cover typical mitigation approaches to common civil works contracts with localized impacts.

The checklist has one introduction section (Introduction part in which the project is described, part where environmental category is defined, identified impacts, and ESMP Checklist concept explained) and three main parts:

- Part 1 constitutes a descriptive part ("site passport") that describes the project specifics in terms of physical location, the institutional and legislative aspects, the project description, inclusive of the need for a capacity building program and description of the public consultation process.
- Part 2 includes the environmental and social screening in a simple Yes/No format followed by mitigation measures for any given activity.
- Part 3 is a monitoring plan for activities during project construction and implementation. It retains the same format required for standard World Bank ESMPs. It is the intention of this checklist that Part 2 and Part 3 be included as bidding documents for contractors.

The procedure for publishing the ESMP Checklist is as follows: ESMP Checklist in Macedonian, Albanian and English language should be published on the website of the LRCP and the recipient as well as on the websites of the affected municipality and should be available to the public for at least 14 days. It should be available in hard copy in the premises of the LRCP and in the relevant municipalities and / or in the centers of the planning regions. When it is announced, the call for remarks on the documents should be issued along with the available electronic and postal address for sending the remarks. The record of the public consultations (collected comments and questions) contains the basic information about the place, list of present persons and summary of the received remarks and should be included in the final version of the published document.

6) Application of ESMP checklist

ESMP Checklist is a document prepared and owned by beneficiary. The design and implementation process for the envisaged in the subproject will be conducted in three phases:

1. General identification and scoping phase, in which the object for renovations/small construction/adaptation is selected and an approximate program for the potential work

typologies elaborated. At this stage, Parts 1, 2 and 3 of the ESMP Checklist are drafted. Part 2 of the ESMP Checklist can be used to select typical activities from a "menu" and relate them to the typical environmental issues and mitigation measures. Public consultations take place, ESMP is finalized.

- 2. Detailed planning and tendering phase, including specifications and bills of quantities for construction works, equipment goods, marketing and other services related to the subproject. ESMP Checklist will be attached as integral part to the bidding documentation and works contract as well as supervision contract, analogous to all technical and commercial terms, has to be signed by the contract parties.
- 3. During the works implementation phase environmental compliance (with ESMP Checklist and environmental and health and safety (H&S) regulation) and other qualitative criteria are implemented on the respective site and application checked/supervised by the site supervisor, which include the site supervisory engineer or supervisor of the project appointed for ESMP Checklist implementation supervision. The mitigation measures in Part 2 and monitoring plan in Part 3 are the basis to verify the Contractor's compliance with the required environmental provisions.

Practical application of the ESMP Checklist will include the achievement of Part I for having and documenting all relevant site specifics. In the second part, the activities to be carried will be checked according to the envisaged activity type and in the third part the monitoring parameters (Part 3) will be identified and applied according to activities presented in Part 2.

The whole ESMP Checklist filled in table (Parts 1, 2 and 3) for each of the type of work should be attached as integral part of work contracts and as analogue with all technical and commercial conditions which should be signed by the contracting parties.

7) Mitigation measures

The measures to avoid and reduce/mitigate the identified impacts on the living environment, workers and communities, and social aspects of the subproject to be applied within the subproject are, but not limited to, the following:

Appropriate marking of the site for reconstruction, marking the appropriate location for temporary storage of the construction material on the site, providing warning strips, fences and markings, prohibiting entry of unemployed persons into the warning strips, applying the safety measures to citizens, machines to be run only from experienced and trained personnel, constant presence of fire extinguishers in case of fire or other damage, wearing protective equipment and clothes at all times, fixing scaffolds, and other H&S measures, flammable liquids can be placed and stored exclusively in vessels designed for that purpose.

All workers must be aware of the dangers of fire and firefighting measures and must be trained to deal with fire extinguishers, hydrants and other devices used to extinguish fires that need to be functional.

The noise level should not exceed 55dB during the day and 45dB at night and the construction work will not be performed overnight (reconstruction hours 7.00h till 19.00h).

Identification, classification and separate temporary storage (in separate clearly marked waste bins/containers on separate pre-defined location on site and in sufficient number) of different types of waste that could be generated from reconstruction and proper waste treatment. Waste can be transported and landfilled/processed only by licensed companies.

Establish a special traffic regime for the vehicles of the contractor during the period of reconstruction, with appropriate signaling.

Signing a contract with the service company for regular maintenance, replacement of spare parts, preventive lubricant oil changes, proper maintenance (exhaustion fumes and safety e.g. breaks, tires, etc.) as one of the most important safety function, etc, regular washing of the vehicles and keep the parking site clean, forbidden replacement of motor oil at the parking site to avoid the oil and pollution of waters and soil, perform regular annual approval test during the annual registration of the vehicles.

Mitigation measures described in this section are the general ones, detailed mandatory mitigation measures are provided in the table Mitigation Measures Checklist (Part 3).

8) Monitoring and reporting procedures and distribution of responsibility

For the monitoring of ESMP Checklist implementation, the site supervisor or responsible person appointed by the Beneficiary (in the case of works that do not require engagement of supervising engineer; site supervisor in the further text) will work with Part 2 and 3 of the ESMP Checklist, i.e. the monitoring plan. Part 2 and 3 is developed in necessary detail, defining clear mitigation measures and monitoring which can be included in the works contracts, which reflect the status of environmental practice on the working site and which can be observed/measured/ quantified/verified by the supervisor during the works.

Part 3 practically reflects key monitoring criteria over provided mitigation measures which can be checked during and after works for compliance assurance and ultimately the Contractor's remuneration.

Such mitigation measures include, but are not limited to, the use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) by workers in site, dust generation and prevention, amount of water used and discharged in site, waste water treatment, presence of proper sanitary facilities for workers, waste collection of separate types (wood, metals, plastic, hazardous waste, e.g. glue and paint residues and packaging, lightbulbs), waste quantities, proper organization of disposal pathways and facilities, or reuse and recycling wherever possible. In addition to Part 3, the site supervisor should check whether the contractor complies with the mitigation measures in Part 2. Reporting on implementation of practices should be described in the regular report toward PIU.

An acceptable monitoring report from the contractor or site supervisor is be a condition for full payment of the contractually agreed remuneration, the same as technical quality criteria or quality surveys. The reporting on ESMP Checklist implementation will be quarterly (if not differently agreed with the PIU). To assure a degree of leverage on the Contractor's environmental performance an appropriate clause will be introduced in the works contracts,

specifying penalties in case of noncompliance with the contractual environmental provisions, e.g. in the form of withholding a certain proportion of the payments until the corrective measures are applied and sub-project in compliance, its size depending on the severity of the breach of contract. For extreme cases a termination of the contract shall be contractually tied in.

Implementation of the ESMP Checklist defined measures will be monitored by the supervisor/supervising engineer, the authorized and/or state environmental and communal inspector as well as PIU environmental expert. The implementation of the measures will be followed before commencing work, during the renovation and after its completion.

The applicant (s) is obliged to regularly submit reports on the implementation and monitoring of environmental mitigation measures (ESMP Checklist implementation reports, e.g. in the form of a tabular overview (tables mitigation plan and monitoring plan) with an additional column giving the status of the measures, observations and comments, and Monitoring of the measure (implemented / not implemented, results, observations, comments, concerns, when, etc.).

Country Sub-Project title	Republic of Macedonia		
	Development of enogastronomic tourism – Taste Macedonia		
	Construction of annex, rehabilitation of existing facilities, adaptation and		
	other smaller civil works.		
Scope of sub-project and	Management and coordination of the sub-project;		
particular activities	Improvement of the accommodation facilities;		
	Arrangement of the existing terrace;		
	Procurement of equipment for active tourism.		
	Project management*		
	Investor:		
	Food, catering and tourism company TIKVES - WINE TOURISM		
	DOOEL Kavadarci		
Institutional arrangements	INDUSTRISKA ST, no. 2, KAVADARCI, KAVADARCI		
(Name and contacts)	Sub-project coordinator:		
	Tihomir Kasapinov – Project coordinator		
	Elena Mladenovska Jelenkovikj		
	Mob.075 493 637 071 399 039		
	E-mail: tihomir.kasapinov@tikves.com.mk		
	elena.mladenovska@tikves.com.mk		
Implementation arrangements	Supervision**		
(Name and contacts)	It will be added at later stage upon selection.		
Site Description			
Name of site	Domaine Lepovo		
	Wine Shop Kavadarci		
D 7 1 1 1 1 1	Wine barrel camp Barovo		
Describe site location Annex 1:	8		
Site information (figures from	, ,		
the site) \boxtimes Yes or \square No	Kapija. Wine shop Kavadarci is at the entrance of the Tikves Winery, in the		
	Municipality of Kavadarci.		

	Domaine Lepovo is located in the vineyards located near to the road to
	the village of Kurija in the Municipality of Negotino.
	Location is not placed in/near nature or cultural heritage protected area.
Who owns the land?	Ownership - VV TIKVES AD - SKOPJE (under lease agreement of
	TIKVES WINE TOURISM - KAVADARCI), cadastre parcel 11230/1,
	building no.64, Kavadarci, Kavadarci 2
	5 6 1, 1, 1
	Ownership - BAROVO DOOEL – SKOPJE, cadastre parcel 484, Demir
	Kapija, BAROVO
	Rapija, Driko vo
	Ownership - LEPOVO DOOEL – SKOPJE, cadastre parcel 254/4,
	Negotino, Crveni bregovi
Carambia description	
Geographic description	Country: Republic of Macedonia
	City: Kavadarci
	Municipality: Kavadarci, Negotino, Demir Kapija
	Region: Tikves
	Coordinates:
	Barovo 41°19'39,58"N 22°7'54,06" E
	Kavadarci 41°26'6,25"N 22°0'9,68" E
	Lepovo 41°31'3,93"N 22°2'3,17" E
Legislation	
Identify national & local	Law on Construction ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia"
legislation & permits that apply	No. 130/09, 124/10, 18/11, 36/11, 54/11, 59/11, 13/12, 144/12, 79/13, 137
to sub-project activity(s)	/ 13, 163/13, 27/14, 28/14, 42/14, 44/15, 129/15 and 39/16)
	Law on environment ("Official gazette of the RM" No. 53/05, 51/05,
	81/05, 24/07, 159/08, 83/09, 48/10, 124/10,51/11, 123/12, 93/13,187/13,
	42/14, 44/15,129/15, 192/15 and 39/16)
	Rulebook on the manner of handling municipal and other type of non-
	hazard waste (Official gazette of RM" No.147/07);
	List of waste ("Official gazette of the RM" No. 100/05);
	Law on management of packaging and packaging waste ("Official gazette
	of the RM"No.161/09, 17/11, 47/11, 136/11, 6/12, 39/12 and 163/13);
	Law on protection against environmental noise ("Official gazette of the
	RM" No.79/07, 124/10 and 47/11);
	Law on occupational health and safety ("Official gazette of the RM" No
	92/07, 136/11, 23/13 and 25/13)
Public Consultation	
Identify when / where the	The procedure for publicly consulting the ESMP Checklist is the
public consultation process took	following: The ESMP Check list has to be published on the LRCP web
place and what were the	page, the Agency for promotion and support of tourism web page and the
remarks from the consulted	web page of the applicant where the project will be realized. The
stakeholders	document has to be published and available for the public at least 14 days.
Statementers	Also, the document has to be available in hard copy in the LRCP office
	and the premises included within this project. When it is announced, the
	call for comments and remarks on the documents should be issued along

Environmental & Social Management Plan Checklist

with the available electronic and postal address for sending the note minutes of meeting from the public consultation (collected commer questions) contains: basic information about the place of the public consultation, list of participants and short summary of the participal comments that will be included in the final version of the documents.	
Institutional Capacity Building	
Will there be any capacity building?	No or □Yes, if Yes, Annex 2 includes the capacity building
ounding:	information
	Table 1

Part 2: Environmental / Social Screening			
Will the site	Activity	Status	Additional references
activity			
include/involve			
any of the			
following?			
	A. General requirements	∑ Yes □ No	See Section A below
	B. Building renovation/adaptation	∑ Yes □ No	See Section A and B below
	C. Small construction	∑ Yes □ No	See Section A and C below
	D. Hazardous or toxic materials ¹	∑ Yes □ No	See Section A, and D below
	E. Traffic and Pedestrian Safety	∑ Yes □ No	See Section A,B and E below
	F. Procurement of chemicals	∑ Yes □ No	See Section F below
			Table 2

Mitigation measures checklist				
Activity	Parameter	Mitigation measures checklist		
A. General Requirements	Notification and Worker Safety	 a) Providing information to local population about the scope and time of commencement and time of duration of construction activities by preparing Notification which will be placed on the municipality notice board and on the municipal web page and through other means, if needed, to ensure the local population is well informed; b) Local construction and environmental/nature protection inspectorates are informed of works before the start; c) All needed permits/opinions/permissions are obtained before the commencement of works (including 		

¹ Toxic / hazardous material includes and is not limited to asbestos, toxic paints, removal of lead paint, etc.

Mitigation measures checklist	
	construction and other);
	d) All work will be carried out in safe and disciplined manner;
	e) Workers' personal protective clothes and equipment are available in sufficient quantities and are
	worn/used at all times;
	f) Workers must be adequately trained, certified and experienced for the work they are performing (e.g.
	for works in heights);
	g) Open pits are covered and clearly marked when not worked on;
	h) Ensure the appropriate marking and informational board of the reconstruction site;
	i) Marking out the site for temporal storage of the reconstruction material near the site;
	j) Providing warning tapes, fences and appropriate signage informing danger, key rules and procedures
	to follow;
	k) Forbidden entrance of unemployed persons within the warning tapes and fences when/where deem
	needed;
	1) The surrounding area near the activities should be kept clean;
	m) Machines should be handled only by experienced and appropriately trained personnel, thus reducing
	the risk of accidents;
	n) All workers must be familiar with the fire hazards and fire protection measures and must be trained
	to handle fire extinguishers, hydrants and other devices used for extinguishing fires;
	o) Devices, equipment and fire extinguishers should be always functional, so in case of need they could
	be used rapidly and efficiently. First aid kits should be available on the site and personnel trained to use it.
	p) Procedures for cases of emergency (including spills, accidents, etc.) are available at the site.
	q) Sanitary facilities (toilets) must be provided for workers.r) Purchased equipment will be installed and used respecting all safety measures prescribed by the
	r) Purchased equipment will be installed and used respecting all safety measures prescribed by the producer of equipment and best practices.
	s) Ensure that design and construction materials (e.g. used barrels) are healthwise and otherwise safe
	for use in construction and for accommodation purposes.
	a) The procedures will follow the national legislation for chance findings;
	b) In the case there would be chance findings works will be stopped and authorised competent authority
Chance Findings	(relevant Ministry and Institute) informed within 24 hours;
	c) The contractor will further follow competent authorities' instructions and the works will
	c) The conductor will future follow competent authorities instructions and the works will

Mitigation measures checklist	
	recommenced upon their approval;
	d) Working area, site camp, etc. should be located away from the heritage and archeological sites.;
	e) Adequate care and awareness rising shall be taken to enlighten construction workers on the possible
	unearthing of archeological relics.
	a) Construction site, transportation routes and materials handling sites should be water sprayed on dry
	and windy days;
	b) Construction materials should be stored in appropriate places covered to minimize dust;
	c) Vehicle loads likely to emit dust must be covered;
	d) Restriction of the vehicle speed to the reconstruction location;
	e) Roads are regularly swept and cleaned at critical points;
	f) Keep the topsoil and stockpiles separate. Protect with sheets/fences in the case of windy weather;
Air quality	g) Locate stockpiles away from drainage lines, natural waterways and places susceptible to land
	erosion;
	h) All loads of soil are covered when being taken off the site for disposal.
	i) Ensure all transportation vehicles and machinery have been equipped with appropriate emission
	control equipment, regularly maintained and attested;
	j) Ensure all vehicles and machinery use petrol from official sources (licensed gas stations) and on fuel
	determined by the machinery and vehicles producer;
	k) There will be no excessive idling of construction vehicles at sites.
Noise	a) When it is an urban residential area (<u>driving through the town to the site</u>) the level of noise should
	not exceed 55dB during the day and evening and 45dB during the night;
	b) The construction work will not be permitted during the nights, the operations on site shall be
	restricted from 7.00h to 19.00h (agreed in the permit);
	c) During the operations the engine covers of generators, air compressors and other powered
	mechanical equipment should be closed, and equipment placed as far away from residential areas as
	possible;
	d) Pumps and other mechanical equipment should be effectively maintained.
Water and Soil	a) Prevent hazardous spillage coming from waste (temporary waste storage should be leakage protected
Quality	and those for hazardous or toxic waste equipped with secondary containment system, e.g. double
Quanty	walled or bunded containers);
	b) If hazardous spillage occurs, curb and remove it, clean the site and follow procedures and measures

Mitigation measures checklist	
	for hazardous waste management;
	c) In the case of any run-off coming from works area possibly contaminated by hazardous substances
	shall be collected on site to a temporary retention basin and transported to an adequate licensed waste
	water treatment plant;
	d) Install/provide and maintain of proper sanitary facilities for workers. The wastewater from these
	sources should be transported to proper waste water treatment facilities;
	e) Prevent hazardous spillage coming from tanks (mandatory secondary containment system, e.g.
	double walled or bunded containers), construction equipment and vehicles (regular maintenance and
	checkups of oil and gas tanks, machinery and vehicles can be parked (manipulated) only on asphalted
	or concrete surfaces with surface runoff water collecting system;
	f) Working site run-offs with possible charge with suspended matter should be filtered before spillage
	to natural flows;
	g) Water, and other components, in concrete mixture shall be clean and free of harmful chemicals.
	h) In the operational phase, wastewaters are discharged to the municipal sewerage system.
Waste management	The good waste management practice will be applied including:
	a) Identification of the different waste types that could be generated at the reconstruction site and its
	classification according to Law on Waste);
	b) Containers for each identified waste category are provided in sufficient quantities and positioned conveniently;
	c) Waste collection and disposal pathways and licensed landfills/processing plants will be identified for
	all major waste types expected from demolition and construction activities. For management of
	hazardous wastes, instructions/guidelines from Ministry of Environmental Protection and Physical
	Planning will be sought and followed;
	d) Mineral (natural) construction and demolition wastes will be separated from general refuse, organic,
	liquid and chemical wastes by on-site sorting and temporarily stored in appropriate containers.
	Depending of its origin and content, mineral waste will be reapplied to its original location or reused;
	e) All construction waste will be collected and disposed properly by licensed collectors and to the
	licensed landfills (or licensing processing plant);
	f) The records of waste disposal will be regularly updated and kept as proof for proper management, as
	designed;
	g) Whenever feasible the contractor will reuse and recycle appropriate and viable materials. Discarding

Mitigation measures checklist		
		any kind of waste (including organic waste) or waste water to the surrounding nature or water-bodies is strictly forbidden; h) Collect, transport and final disposal/processing of the communal waste by a licensed company; i) The construction waste should be promptly removed from the site and re-used if possible; j) The incineration of all waste at site or unlicensed plants and locations is prohibited; k) Existing air-conditioning units are not to be refilled or emptied. If discarded, must be handled by specialized licensed companies; l) Identification of different types of waste in the construction site (soil, sands, bottles, food, parts of pipes, paper, crushed concrete, etc); m) The potential hazardous waste (engine oils, fuel for a vehicle) should be collected separately and an agreement should be made with a subcontractor who will have authorization to collect and transport (and temporarily stored, if applicable) the hazardous waste. Hazardous waste will be processed or disposed only to processing plants/landfills with valid licenses.
	Safety of traffic	 a) Traffic regulation plan is prepared and implemented in coordination with Municipality and competent authority (traffic police); b) Traffic will be regulated in the safe manner. Safety of pedestrians will be ensured by use of safe-passages; c) Safety and regulation notification, signage and signage will be used appropriately.
B. Building Reconstruction and construction of accommodation units	Materials management	 a) No new materials containing asbestos or lead-based paint will be used; b) Coarse aggregate in concrete applied and used in rehabilitation need to conform to durability and gradation requirements. The aggregate must be virgin (not used previously) and preferably locally produced; c) Mineral resources (aggregate, sand, gravel, etc.) are procured only from licensed companies with valid concessions for extraction/exploitation. The companies can prove H&S measures and environmental management is in place. d) Ensure that design and construction materials (e.g. used barrels) are healthwise and otherwise safe for use in construction and for accommodation purposes.
	Community Safety	 a) Ensure safety of building users e.g. provide safe passages and protection from falling objects; b) Timely inform users of premises and neighboring communities of upcoming works; c) In the case the traffic will be interrupted, organize alternative ruts in cooperation with the

Mitigation measures checklist				
		Municipality.		
C. Reconstruction and addition to existing wine shop	Materials management Soil erosion	 a) No new materials containing asbestos or lead-based paint will be used; b) Coarse aggregate in concrete applied and used in rehabilitation need to conform to durability and gradation requirements. The aggregate must be virgin (not used previously) and preferably locally produced; c) Mineral resources (aggregate, sand, gravel, etc.) are procured only from licensed companies with valid concessions for extraction/exploitation. The companies can prove H&S measures and environmental management is in place. a) Vehicles and machinery can be parked, washed and maintained only at designated areas with impermeable surface with a collection and treatment system (oil and grease separator); b) Protection of sediments spread by fences and barriers; c) Strip soil only as necessary and store/replace reuse post construction; d) Use of antifreeze and/or accelerator compounds is not allowed; e) Protect and restore non-construction areas. Design slopes and retaining structures to minimize risk, provide appropriate drainage and vegetation cover; 		
		 f) Carry out surface drainage works to divert the rainwater that would erode the soil; g) Apply storm water management to minimize erosion and offsite sediment delivery to receiving waters; h) Parking site has to be respected following the defined place. 		
	Community Safety	 a) Ensure safety of building users e.g. provide safe passages and protection from falling objects; b) Timely inform users of premises and neighboring communities of upcoming works; i) In the case the traffic will be interrupted, organize alternative ruts in cooperation with the Municipality. 		
D. Hazardous materials	Asbestos waste management and waste lighting rods	 a) If asbestos is found on the site, enviornmental inspection and other competent authorities (e.g. MESP) will be notified and instruction requested. The asbestos must be removed or properly incapsulated/bind; b) Asbestos will be removed, managed, transported and disposed in line with the national regulation and best practices (breakage prevented, water sprayed agains dusting, waste asbestos packed in hermetically closed packages, temporary storage in closed facilities, properly marked in all three languages, etc.); 		

Mitigation measures checklist		
sol: ma	oxic and hazardous lids and liquids anagement acluding waste)	Workers handling asbestos will wear protective clothes, adequate respirators/masks (depending on a type of asbestos); d) Only licensed companies for managing asbestos can be engaged on these works; e) Removed asbestos cannot be reused; f) In the case radioactive rods were identified on the site, a company liscensed for its removal will be engaged. a) Ensure proper handling of lubricants, fuel and solvents by secured storage and following MSDS; b) Temporarily storage on site of all hazardous or toxic substances will be in safe containers labeled with details of composition, properties and handling information; c) All hazardous substances should be kept in a leak-proof container to prevent spillage and leaking. This container should have a secondary containment system, e.g. double walls, or similar. Secondary containment system must be free of cracks, able to contain the spill, and be emptied quickly; d) The containers with hazardous substances must be kept closed, except when adding or removing materials/waste. They must not be handled, opened, or stored in a manner that may cause them to leak; e) The containers holding ignitable, hazardous or reactive wastes must be located at least 15 meters from the facility's property line and at least 30 meters from the water line; f) Hazardous waste will be collected, transported and disposed by a licensed company contracted by the Contractor of works. The wastes are transported by specially licensed carriers and disposed in a licensed facility. Containers for all types of envisaged (and occurring) hazardous wastes on the site have to be available and properly marked (name and assigned waste key-code); g) No lead paint, asbestos or other materials hazardosu to human health will be used.

Mitigation measures checklist		
E. Procurement of chemicals	Improper or lack of proper management could increase the environmental and occupational safety risks and health risks to all citizens	(MSDS); b) Chamicals are purchased from authorised dealer:
		Table 3 Mitigation measures checklist

Part 3: Monitoring plan								
Phase	What (Parameter will be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuity?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Cost (If not included in project budget)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)	
During activity preparation	All required permits are obtained before works start.	At the city administration	Inspection of all required documents	Before works start	To ensure the legal aspects of the rehabilitation activities	/	Contractor; Supervisor of the construction works; Construction inspector, LRCP	
	Public and relevant institutions are notified	Contractor's premises	Inspection of all necessary documents	Before works start	To ensure public awareness	/	Contractor; Supervisor of the construction works;	
	Safety measures for workers, employees and visitors	On site	Visual checks and reporting	Before works start	To prevent health and safety risks – mechanical injures and to provide safe access and mobility	/	Contractor, Supervisor	
During activity implementation	Safe traffic flow	On site	Visual checks and reporting	During equipment delivery	To ensure coordinated traffic flow	/	Contractor, Supervisor	
	Work safety	On site	Visual checks and reporting Unannounced inspections during work	Unannounced controls during work	To prevent health and safety risks – mechanical injures and to provide safe access and mobility	/	Supervisor	

Part 3: Monitoring plan								
Phase	What (Parameter will be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuity?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Cost (If not included in project budget)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)	
	Site is well organized: fences, warnings, sign postage in place.	On site	Inspection	Unannounced controls during work	To prevent accidents	/	Contractor, Supervisor	
	Collection, transport and hazardous waste (if any)	At the safe temporary location on construction site in separate waste containers	Inspection of the transport lists and the conditions of the storage space	Before the transportation of the hazardous waste (if any)	To improve the waste management at local and national level/ Hazardous waste do not be dispose to any landfill	/	Authorized company for collecting and transportation of hazardous waste (if any), Authorized environmental inspector, Construction inspector, LRCP EE	
	Collection, transport and final disposal of the solid waste	At and around the site	Visual monitoring and inspection of the transport lists of the contractor	Daily level after the collection and transportation of the solid waste	Do not leave the solid waste on the construction site and to avoid negative impact to the local environment and the local inhabitants health	/	Contractor; Supervisor of the construction works; Authorized environmental inspector, Construction inspector, LRCP EE	

Part 3: Monit							
Phase	What (Parameter will be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuity?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Cost (If not included in project budget)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
	Air pollution parameters of dust, particulate matter	At and around the site	Sampling by authorized agency	Upon complaint or negative inspection finding	To ensure no excessive emission during works	/	Supervisor
	Level of noise and vibration	At and around the site	Monitoring on the level of noise dB (with suitable equipment)	Upon complaint or inspection finding	To determine whether the level of noise is above or below the permissible level of noise	/	Contractor; Accredited company for measuring the level of provided by the contractor; Authorized environmental inspector, Construction inspector, LRCP EE
During Operation phase	Waste management	At and around the site	Waste is properly collected, sorted and stored	Daily	To prevent accumulation of waste	Variable and not included in the project budged	Authorised waste collection company
	Table -						

Annex EMP Checklist Annex 1: Site information (figures from the site)

1. Reconstruction of existing wine shop in Kavadarci with addition.

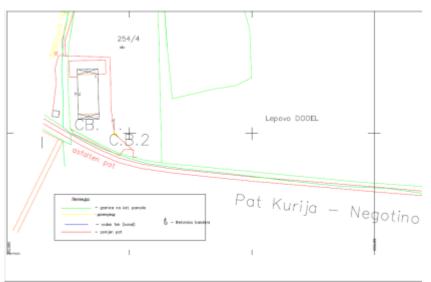




2. Reconstruction with improvement of the existing accommodation and tasting facility in Lepovo;

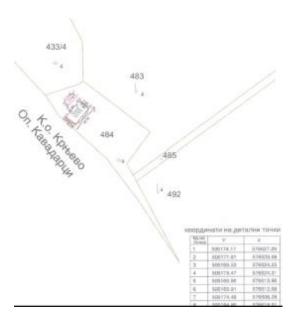
Environmental & Social Management Plan Checklist





3. Installation and adapting of old wine barrels for accommodation in Barovo





Annex 2 Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning (MoEPP) opinions/decisions for approval of environmental protection elaborate

- 2.1. Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning (MoEPP) opinion/decision for approval of environmental protection elaborate for Barovo, obtained on August 21, 2018
- 2.2. Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning (MoEPP) opinion/decision for approval of environmental protection elaborate for Lepovo, obtained on August 30, 2018
- 2.3. Ministry of Environment and Physical Planning (MoEPP) opinion/decision for approval of environmental protection elaborate for Tikves Wine Tourism, obtained on August 23, 2018



Архивски број: 11-4350/2

2 1 08. 2018 Дата: ___

до:

БАРОВО ДООЕЛ Ул.810 бр.2-Гази Баба 1000 Скопје

ПРЕДМЕТ: Доставување на мислење

Ваш број 0302-46 од 19.07.2018 година BPCKA:

Почитувани,

Во прилог на овој допис Ви доставуваме Мислење по ваше Известување за намера, кое се однесува за проект:Реконструкција на дегустациона сала, ресторан и помошни содржини и поставување на 10 големи вински бочви наменети за сместувачки капацитет и други активности.

Со почит,

Изработил: Дејана Тодоровска

Xhezmi Saliu





Република Македонија Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање

Бул."Гоце Делчев" бр.18, 1000 Скопје, Република Македонија Тел. (02) 3251 400 Факс. (02) 3220 165 Е-пошта: infoeko@moepp.gov.mk Cajr: www. moepp.gov.mk



министер Sadulla Duraki



Архивски број: 11-4350/2

2 1. 68. 2018

Дата:



Во врска со вашето Известување за намера, со цел аплицирање на проект за реализација на унапредување на условите за развој на алтернативен туризам на Тиквешкиот регион, кое се однесува за Факс. (02) 3220 165 проект: Реконструкција на дегустациона сала, ресторан и помошни содржини и поставување на 10 големи вински бочви наменети за сајт: www.moepp.gov.mk сместувачки капацитет и други активности, Управата за животна средина при Министерството за животна средина и просторно планирање Ви го доставува следното:

мислење

Согласно Законот за животна средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.53/2005, 81/2005, 24/2007, 159/2008, 83/2009, 48/2010, 124/2010, 51/2011, 123/2012, 93/2013, 42/2014, 44/2015 129/2015 и 39/2016), и Уредбата за определување на проектите и за критериумите врз основа на кои се утврдува потребата за спроведување на постапката за оцена на влијанијата врз животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр. 74/2005, 109/2009 и 202/2016), Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува Елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен органот за вршење на стручни работи од областа на животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.36/2012) и Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен градоначалникот на општината, градоначалникот на градот Скопје и градоначалникот на општините во градот Скопје (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.32/2012), за горенаведениот проект не треба да се изготвува Елаборат за заштита на животна средина и не треба да се води постапка за оцена на влијанието на проектот врз животната средина.

Со почит,

Директор на Управа за животна средина Xhezmi Saliu

Изработил: Дејана Тодоровска Контролирал/ Согласен: Александар Петковски





Република Македонија Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање

Бул. "Гоце Делчев" бр.18, 1000 Скопје, Република Македонија infoeko@moepp.gov.mk



Архивски број: 11-4348/2

2 1. 68. 2018 Дата: _

ДО:

ЛЕПОВО ДООЕЛ Ул.810 бр.2-Гази Баба

1000 Скопје

ПРЕДМЕТ: Доставување на мислење

Ваш број 0302-66 од 19.07.2018 година BPCKA:

Почитувани,

Во прилог на овој допис Ви доставуваме Мислење по ваше Известување за намера, кое се однесува за проект:Реконструкција на дегустациона сала и сместувачки соби бр.2, за потребите на ЛЕПОВО ДООЕЛ од Скопје.

Со почит,

Изработил: Дејана Тодоровска

Контролирал/Согласен:Александар Петковски Директор на Управа за животна средина Xhezmi Saliu/

CEPTNØNKAT MKC EN ISO 9001:2009



Република Македонија Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање

Бул."Гоце Делчев" бр.18, 1000 Скопје, Република Македонија Тел. (02) 3251 400 Факс. (02) 3220 165 Е-пошта: infoeko@moepp.gov.mk Cajr: www. moepp.gov.mk



Архивски број: 11-4348/2

2 1. 68. 2018

Дата:

Почитувани,

Во врска со вашето Известување за намера, со цел аплицирање на проект за реализација на унапредување на условите за развој на Тел. (02) 3251 400 алтернативен туризам на Тиквешкиот регион, кое се однесува за Факс. (02) 3220 165 проект: Реконструкција на дегустациона сала и сместувачки соби бр.2, Управата за животна средина при Министерството за животна Сајт: www.moepp.gov.mk средина и просторно планирање Ви го доставува следното:





Република Македонија Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање

Бул."Гоце Делчев" бр.18, 1000 Скопје, Република Македонија Е-пошта: infoeko@moepp.gov.mk

мислење

Согласно Законот за животна средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.53/2005, 81/2005, 24/2007, 159/2008, 83/2009, 48/2010, 124/2010, 51/2011, 123/2012, 93/2013, 42/2014, 44/2015 129/2015 и 39/2016), и Уредбата за определување на проектите и за критериумите врз основа на кои се утврдува потребата за спроведување на постапката за оцена на влијанијата врз животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр. 74/2005, 109/2009 и 202/2016), Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува Елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен органот за вршење на стручни работи од областа на животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.36/2012) и Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен градоначалникот на општината, градоначалникот на градот Скопје и градоначалникот на општините во градот Скопје (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.32/2012), за горенаведениот проект не треба да се изготвува Елаборат за заштита на животна средина и не треба да се води постапка за оцена на влијанието на проектот врз животната средина.

Со почит,

Директор на Управа за животна средина Xhezmi/Saliu

Изработил: Дејана Тодоровска Контролирал/ Согласен: Александар Петковски



Архивски број: 11-4348/2

2 1. 68. 2018

Дата:

Почитувани,

Во врска со вашето Известување за намера, со цел аплицирање на проект за реализација на унапредување на условите за развој на Тел. (02) 3251 400 алтернативен туризам на Тиквешкиот регион, кое се однесува за Факс. (02) 3220 165 проект: Реконструкција на дегустациона сала и сместувачки соби бр.2, Управата за животна средина при Министерството за животна Сајт: www.moepp.gov.mk средина и просторно планирање Ви го доставува следното:





Република Македонија Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање

Бул."Гоце Делчев" бр.18, 1000 Скопје, Република Македонија Е-пошта: infoeko@moepp.gov.mk

мислење

Согласно Законот за животна средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.53/2005, 81/2005, 24/2007, 159/2008, 83/2009, 48/2010, 124/2010, 51/2011, 123/2012, 93/2013, 42/2014, 44/2015 129/2015 и 39/2016), и Уредбата за определување на проектите и за критериумите врз основа на кои се утврдува потребата за спроведување на постапката за оцена на влијанијата врз животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр. 74/2005, 109/2009 и 202/2016), Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува Елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен органот за вршење на стручни работи од областа на животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.36/2012) и Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен градоначалникот на општината, градоначалникот на градот Скопје и градоначалникот на општините во градот Скопје (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.32/2012), за горенаведениот проект не треба да се изготвува Елаборат за заштита на животна средина и не треба да се води постапка за оцена на влијанието на проектот врз животната средина.

Со почит,

Директор на Управа за животна средина Xhezmi/Saliu

Изработил: Дејана Тодоровска Контролирал/ Согласен: Александар Петковски



Архивски број: 11-4349/2

Дата: __ 2 1. 68. 2018

Почитувани,

Во врска со вашето Известување за намера, со цел аплицирање на проект за реализација на унапредување на условите за развој на _{Тел.}(02) 3251 400 алтернативен туризам на Тиквешкиот регион, кое се однесува за Факс. (02) 3220 165 проект: Реконструкција на винска продавница, Управата за животна средина при Министерството за животна средина и просторно Сајт: www.moepp.gov.mk планирање Ви го доставува следното:





Република Македонија Министерство за животна средина и просторно планирање

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МИСЛЕЊЕ

Согласно Законот за животна средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.53/2005, 81/2005, 24/2007, 159/2008, 83/2009, 48/2010, 124/2010, 51/2011, 123/2012, 93/2013, 42/2014, 44/2015 129/2015 и 39/2016), и Уредбата за определување на проектите и за критериумите врз основа на кои се утврдува потребата за спроведување на постапката за оцена на влијанијата врз животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр. 74/2005, 109/2009 и 202/2016), Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува Елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен органот за вршење на стручни работи од областа на животната средина (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.36/2012) и Уредбата за дејностите и активностите за кои задолжително се изработува елаборат, а за чие одобрување е надлежен градоначалникот на општината, градоначалникот на градот Скопје и градоначалникот на општините во градот Скопје (Службен весник на Република Македонија бр.32/2012), за горенаведениот проект не треба да се изготвува Елаборат за заштита на животна средина и не треба да се води постапка за оцена на влијанието на проектот врз животната средина.

Со почит,

Директор на Управа за животна средина Xhezmi Saliu

Изработил: Дејана Тодоровска Контролирал/ Согласен: Александар Петковски